

Safety Data Sheet

according to the WHS Regulations Issue date: 15/02/2023 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Product identifier	
1.1. GHS Product identifier	
Product name Product code	: Industrial Floor Paint - Grey : 13208
1.2. Other means of identification	
No additional information available	
1.3. Recommended use of the chemical a	ind restrictions on use
Recommended use Restrictions on use	Solvent rich paintNot to be used for any purpose other than the one the product was designed for
1.4. Details of manufacturer or importer	
Signet Pty Ltd 56 Ingleston Rd WAKERLEY, QLD 4154 Australia T +61 (07) 3179 2100 sales@signet.net.au - www.signet.net.au	
1.5. Emergency phone number	
Emergency number	: Office hours: +61 (07) 3179 2100 Poisons Information Centre (24 h): 13 11 26
SECTION 2: Hazard identification	
2.1. Classification of the hazardous chem	nical
Classification according to the model Work He	ealth and Safety Regulations (WHS Regulations)
Flammable liquids, Category 3 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, C Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Acute Ha	e, Category 1 H372
2.2. GHS Label elements, including preca	autionary statements
Hazard pictograms (GHS AU)	Flame Exclamation Health hazard
Signal word (GHS AU) Contains	 mark Danger Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic hydrodesulfurization process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C7 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 90°C to 230°C (194°F to 446°F).] (10 – 60 %); Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic [contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene] (< 10 %)
Hazard statements (GHS AU)	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour H319 - Causes serious eye irritation H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H401 - Toxic to aquatic life

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Precautionary statements (GHS AU)	: P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources
	No smoking.
	P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
	P241 - Use explosion-proof equipment.
	P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
	P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.
	P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
	P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.
	P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.
	Rinse skin with water

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

SECTION 3: Composition and information on ingredients		
Name	CAS-No.	%
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic hydrodesulfurization process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C7 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 90°C to 230°C (194°F to 446°F).]	64742-82-1	10 – 60
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	< 10

SECTION 4: First aid measures		
4.1. Description of necessary first-aid me	asures	
First-aid measures general First-aid measures after inhalation First-aid measures after skin contact First-aid measures after eye contact	 Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell. Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. 	
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell.	
4.2. Symptoms caused by exposure		
Symptoms/effects Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. : Eye irritation.	
4.3. Medical attention and special treatment		
Other medical advice or treatment	: Treat symptomatically.	

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures		
5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.Unsuitable extinguishing media are not known.	
5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical		
Fire hazard General measures Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire	 Flammable liquid and vapour. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters. Toxic fumes may be released. 	

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5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters		
Firefighting instructions	: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Keep upwind. Fight fire from safe distance and protected location.	
Protection during firefighting	Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.	
Hazchem Code	: * 3Y	

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures			
6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
General measures	: No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.		
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel			
Emergency procedures	Ventilate spillage area. No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.		
6.1.2. For emergency responders			
Protective equipment	Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".		
6.2. Environmental precautions			
Avoid release to the environment.			

6.3. Methods and materials for containm	ent and cleaning up
For containment	 Collect spillage. Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or
Methods for cleaning up	public waters.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage	
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Precautions for safe handling	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container. Use explosion-proof equipment. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Hygiene measures	: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including	g any incompatibilities
Technical measures	: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
Storage conditions	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.
Information on mixed storage	Store away from incompatible materials and products. Refer to the detailed list of incompatible materials in section 10 Stability/Reactivity.
Storage area	: Keep out of direct sunlight.
Special rules on packaging	: Position containers so that any labeling information is visible. Keep packaging closed when not in use. Check containers and packaging regularly for leaks and damage.
Packaging materials	: Keep only in original packaging.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

8.1. Control parameters - exposure standards

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titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)	
Australia - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Titanium dioxide
OES TWA [1]	10 mg/m ³
Remark (AU)	(a) This value is for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica.
Regulatory reference	Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants (2019)
8.2. Monitoring methods	
Monitoring methods	: Workplace exposure - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases/vapours may be released.
8.3. Engineering controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Use grounded electrical/mechanical equipment.
8.4. Individual protection measures, s	uch as personal protective equipment (PPE)
Personal protective equipment	 Personal protective equipment (PPE) must be suited to the nature of the work and any hazard associated with the work as identified by the risk assessment conducted. Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Ocular shower with suitable liquid.
Hand protection	: Wear protective gloves: Antistatic gloves
Eye protection	: Wear eye protection: Chemical goggles or safety glasses
Skin and body protection	: Wear foot protection: antistatic boots. Wear protective clothing: Antistatic clothing, Flame retardant protective clothing. Use protective apron: Chemical resistant apron
Respiratory protection	: Wear appropriate mask: Combined gas/dust mask with filter type
Personal protective equipment symbol(s)	
Environmental exposure controls Other information	 Avoid release to the environment. PPE compliant to the recommended standards should be selected. The following Australian and New Zealand Standards will provide general advice regarding safety clothing and equipment: Respiratory equipment: AS/NZS 1715, Protective Gloves: AS 2161, Industrial

Protective Footwear: AS/NZS2210.

Clothing: AS2919, Industrial Eye Protection: AS1336 and AS/NZS 1337, Occupational

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Liquid
Appearance	:	No data available
Colour	:	Grey
Odour	:	Solvent
Odour threshold	:	No data available
рН	:	No data available
pH solution	:	No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	:	No data available
Melting point / Freezing point	:	Melting point: Not applicable
Boiling point	:	No data available
Flash point	:	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Flammability	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	Density: ≈ 1.09 kg/l
Solubility	:	No data available

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Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: ≈ 82.569 mm²/s
Viscosity, dynamic	: ≈ 90 cP
Explosive properties	: No data available
Explosive limits	: No data available
Minimum ignition energy	: No data available
Fat solubility	: No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactive	<i>v</i> ity
Reactivity	: Flammable liquid and vapour.
Chemical stability	: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.
Conditions to avoid	 Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified titanium dioxide (13463-67-7) LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Dust/Mist) > 6.82 mg/l Source: ECHA Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation. Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified Gern cell mutagenicity : Not classified Carcinogenicity : Not classified Reproductive toxicity : Not classified STOT-single exposure : May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy: Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic hydrodesulfurization process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C7 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 90°C to 230°C (194°F to 446°F).] (64742-82-1) STOT-repeated exposure : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy: Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic hydrodesulfurization process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C7 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 90°C to 230°C (194°F to 446°F).] (64742-82-1) STOT-repeated exposure : Causes	SECTION 11: Toxicological information		
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hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic hydrodesulfurization process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C7 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 90°C to 230°C (194°F to	Viscosity, kinematic	≈ 82.569 mm²/s	
	hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic hydro numbers predominantly in the range of C7 th	odesulfurization process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon	
Animal studies and expert judgment for classification False	Animal studies and expert judgment for classification	False	

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titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)	
Animal studies and expert judgment for classification	False

SECTION 12: Ecological information

According to the National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets, Environmental classification information is not mandatory. Information relevant for GHS classification is available on request

12.1. Ecotoxicity	
Ecology - general : Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term : (acute) Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term : (chronic)	Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life. Not classified
titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 100 mg/l
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
No additional information available	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
No additional information available	
12.4. Mobility in soil	
No additional information available	
12.5. Other adverse effects	
Ozone : Other adverse effects :	Not classified No additional information available
Industrial Floor Paint - Grey	
Fluorinated greenhouse gases	False
hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic hydr	vy; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of odesulfurization process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon brough C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 90°C to 230°C (194°F to
Fluorinated greenhouse gases	False
titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)	
Fluorinated greenhouse gases	False

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods Additional information

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container.

SECTION 14: Transport information

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ADG	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1. UN number		
1263	1263	1263

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ADG	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name		
PAINT	PAINT	Paint
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)		
3	3	3
3	5	3
14.4. Packing group		
III - Substances presenting low danger	Ш	III
14.5. Environmental hazards		
Dangerous for the environment: No	Dangerous for the environment: No Marine pollutant: No	Dangerous for the environment: No
4.6. Special precautions for user		
Specific storage requirement Shock sensitivity	: No data available : No data available	
14.7. Additional information		
Other information	: No supplementary information available	
Transport by road and rail JN-No. (ADG) Special provision (ADG) Limited quantities (ADG) Excepted quantities (ADG) Packing instructions (ADG) Special packing provisions (ADG) Portable tank and bulk container instructions (ADG) Portable tank and bulk container special provisions ADG)		
Transport by sea JN-No. (IMDG) Special provisions (IMDG) Limited quantities (IMDG) Excepted quantities (IMDG) Packing instructions (IMDG) Special packing provisions (IMDG) BC packing instructions (IMDG) Tank instructions (IMDG) Tank special provisions (IMDG) Tank special provisions (IMDG) EmS-No. (Fire) EmS-No. (Spillage) Stowage category (IMDG) Properties and observations (IMDG)	 1263 163, 223, 367, 955 5 L E1 P001, LP01 PP1 IBC03 T2 TP1, TP29 F-E - FIRE SCHEDULE Echo - NON-WATER-REACTIVE FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS S-E - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Echo - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, FLOATING ON WATER A Miscibility with water depends upon the composition. 	
Air transport JN-No. (IATA) PCA Excepted quantities (IATA) PCA Limited quantities (IATA) PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA) PCA packing instructions (IATA) PCA max net quantity (IATA) DAO packing instructions (IATA)	: 1263 : E1 : Y344 : 10L : 355 : 60L : 366	

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according to the WHS Regulations

CAO max net quantity (IATA) Special provisions (IATA) ERG code (IATA)	: 220L : A3, A72, A192 : 3L	
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14.8. Hazchem or Emergency Action Code

Hazchem Code

: * 3Y

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS : All the chemicals contained in this product are listed introductions Inventory) status

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) Relevant Poisons Schedule number : Unscheduled

15.2. International agreements

No additional information available

SECTION 16: Other information	
Data sources	 Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice - Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice - Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals Safe Work Australia - Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants Safe Work Australia - Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS Inventory) Environmental Protection Authority - Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020 Environmental Protection Authority - Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017 Environmental Protection Authority - Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017 New Zealand - Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID) New Zealand - Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) - Annex VI (C&L Inventory) European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) - REACH Study Results European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) - REACH Registration Dossiers United Nations - Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods (UNRTDG Model Regulation) Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulations (IATA DGR) International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG Code).
Classification	
Flam. Liq. 3	H226
Eye Irrit. 2A	H319

STOT SE 3

STOT RE 1

Aquatic Acute 2

H336

H372 H401

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Full text of H-statements	
Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Acute Hazard, Category 2
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Acute Hazard, Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity, Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A
Eye Irrit. 2B	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2B
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids, Category 3
Skin Irrit. 3	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 3
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H316	Causes mild skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H320	Causes eye irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), Australia

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.